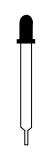


Use the list below to label the apparatus. Write the term on the line provided.

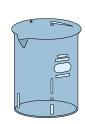
balance compass graduated cylinder beaker eyedropper thermometer Bunsen burner funnel test tube



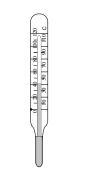




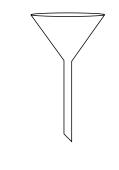
2. _____



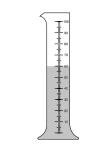
3. _____



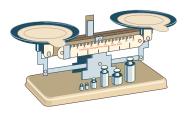
4. _____



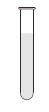
5. _____



6. _____



7



8. _____



9.



Circle the letter of the correct answer.

| 1. | A | is an instrument used to measure temperature. |
|----|----|--|
| | a. | balance |
| | b. | thermometer |
| | c. | compass |
| | | funnel |
| 2. | A(| n) is used to dispense small amounts of liquid. |
| | a. | eyedropper |
| | b. | graduated cylinder |
| | | beaker |
| | d. | test tube |
| 3. | A(| n) is a gas burner used to heat chemicals or |
| | ap | paratus. |
| | a. | beaker |
| | b. | compass |
| | | eyedropper |
| | | Bunsen burner |
| 4. | Α. | is used to pour liquids into containers. |
| | a. | beaker |
| | b. | graduated cylinder |
| | | funnel |
| | d. | test tube |
| 5. | A | is used to determine which direction you are facing. |
| | a. | thermometer |
| | b. | balance |
| | c. | compass |
| | | graduated cylinder |



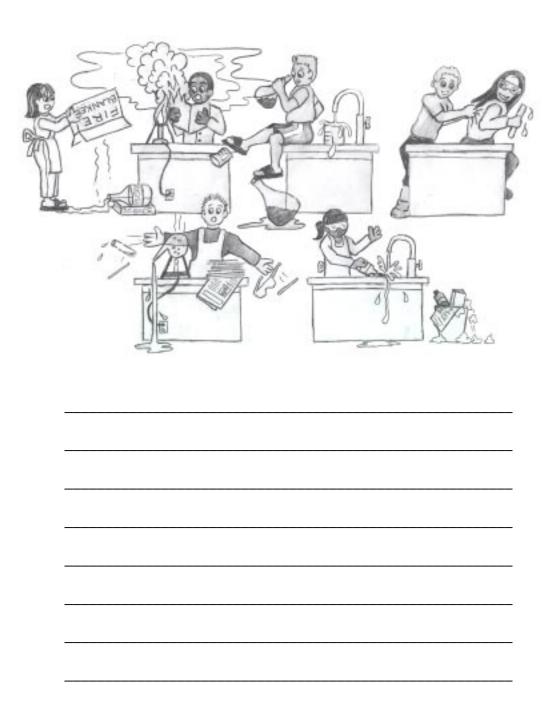
| 6. | A is a multiple-purpose glass container that can be heated. |
|-----|--|
| | a. graduated cylinderb. beakerc. funneld. test tube |
| 7. | A glass jar which is used in scientific experiments is called a(n) |
| | a. beakerb. test tubec. graduated cylinderd. eyedropper |
| 8. | A(n) is used to measure the mass of an object. |
| | a. thermometerb. compassc. apparatusd. balance |
| 9. | A is used to measure the volume of a liquid. |
| | a. beakerb. funnelc. graduated cylinderd. test tube |
| 10. | Scientific is used in the science laboratory. |
| | a. compassb. apparatusc. funneld. evedropper |



| Write True i | f the s | statement is correct. Write False if the statement is not correct. |
|---------------------|---------|---|
| | 1. | If there is something you do not understand about the lab assignment, you should ask your teacher. |
| | 2. | It is only necessary for the teacher to know where the safety equipment is and how to use it. |
| | 3. | It is a good idea to bring a lunch along and to eat while working on lab activities. |
| | 4. | Use tongs or gloves to handle hot equipment. |
| | 5. | It is important to use good housekeeping habits in the laboratory. |
| | 6. | Report all accidents to the teacher—no matter how minor. |
| | 7. | Do not wear loose or baggy clothes in the lab. |
| | 8. | Safety glasses must be worn when working with dangerous or hot chemicals. |
| | 9. | It is important to put your nose directly over a container and breathe deeply to smell a substance in the laboratory. |
| | 10. | Open test tubes should never be pointed at yourself or at others. |



Find all the **hazards** in the science lab pictured below. List them on the lines below. Be prepared to discuss them in class.





List the locations and uses of the **safety equipment** *below.*

| Equipment | Location | Use |
|------------------------|----------|-----|
| safety shower | | |
| eye wash | | |
| fire extinguisher | | |
| fire blanket | | |
| sand | | |
| goggles | | |
| lap aprons | | |
| container—broken glass | | |



Use the list below to write the correct term for each definition on the line provided.

| | conclusion control group experiment | gradu gradu | ated cylinder | thermometer variable factor |
|---|---|----------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| _ | | 1. | the factor being experiment | tested in an |
| _ | | 2. | an instrument u temperature | sed to measure |
| _ | | 3. | the part of the e variable factor | xperiment without a |
| _ | | 4. | | ment that attempts to tionship of observed ated guess |
| _ | | 5. | used to dispens liquid | e small amounts of |
| _ | | 6. | a way to test a hanswer to a que | nypothesis or try out an stion |
| _ | | 7. | | ning using one's senses uch, hearing, or taste) |
| _ | | 8. | used to measure | e the volume of a liquid |
| _ | | 9. | * | of a problem based on d collected data |
| _ | | 10. | a gas burner us apparatus | ed to heat chemicals or |



Use the list below to write the correct term for each definition on the line provided.

| apparatus balance beaker controlled experiment | data experimental group fact | | scientific method test tube theory |
|---|------------------------------------|---|--|
| | 1. | an idea that has l experiments | peen proven by |
| | 2. | scientific facts the usually in the for | |
| | 3. | a hypothesis that test of time | has withstood the |
| | 4. | a multiple-purpo can be heated | se glass container th |
| | 5. | the steps scientis problems | ts use to solve |
| | 6. | * | which all the factors |
| | 7. | part of the expert the variable factor | iment that contains or |
| | 8. | | tools needed for a n biology or chemist |
| | 9. | a glass container scientific experin | |
| | _ 10. | an instrument us mass of an object | ed to measure the |



Circle the letter next to the **scientific method** *term that correctly completes each statement below.*

| 1. | . The factor being tested in an experiment is the | | |
|----|--|--|--|
| | a. variableb. hypothesisc. observationd. control | | |
| 2. | The part of the experiment without a variable factor is the | | |
| | a. observationb. control groupc. experimentd. hypothesis | | |
| 3. | An idea or statement that attempts to explain the relationship of observed factors to each other is a(n) | | |
| | a. hypothesisb. observationc. factd. conclusion | | |
| 4. | A way to test a hypothesis or try out an answer to a question is a(n) | | |
| | a. fact b. experiment c. observation d. data | | |
| 5. | To notice something using one's sight, smell, touch, hearing, or taste is $a(n)$ | | |
| | a. observationb. actc. theoryd. data | | |



| An explanation of a problem based on observations and collected data is a |
|--|
| a. factb. theoryc. datad. conclusion |
| An idea that has been proven by experiments is a |
| a. factb. theoryc. controlled experimentd. data |
| Scientific facts that are collected, usually in the form of numbers, are called |
| a. datab. scientific methodc. controlled experimentd. theory |
| A hypothesis that has withstood the test of time is a(n) |
| a. theoryb. controlled experimentc. scientific methodd. observation |
| The steps scientists use to solve problems are known as the |
| a. theoryb. controlled experimentc. scientific methodd. data |
| |



- 11. An experiment in which all the factors are the same except for the one being tested is a(n) ______.
 - a. experimental group
 - b. controlled experiment
 - c. theory
 - d. scientific method
- 12. The part of the experiment that contains the variable factor is the
 - a. controlled experiment
 - b. scientific method
 - c. theory
 - d. experimental group